AUTHOR AND ARTIST CONTRACTS, AI AND LICENSING TERMS

October 18, 2024



Open Copyright Education Advisory Network

BEFORE WE GET STARTED...

- Need tech support? Please send us a note in the chat.
- Sound and video are off for participants. This helps facilitate access, especially for those who may have limited bandwidth where they are joining us from.
- We're not recording, and ask you not too as well. This allows our presenters and participants to speak more freely.
- Slides will be made available after! Look for a copy to be emailed to you.
- Please post questions in the chat. Presenters may answer them there. Otherwise the moderators will save them for the Q&A period at the end of the presentation.
- Please take a moment to review our Code of Conduct: <u>https://www.oceancopyright.org/oceans-code-of-conduct</u>. Participants can be asked to leave or removed for violations.

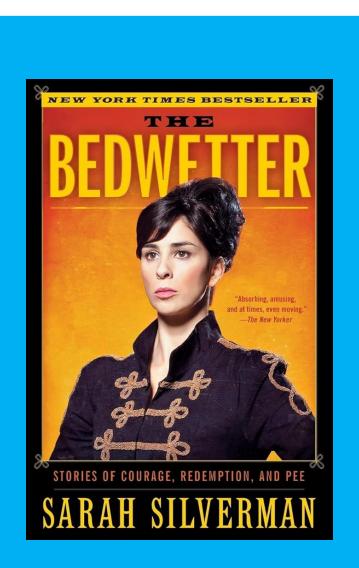


WHO OWNS AI FOR CREATIVE WORK? Amy Whitaker

she/they

Associate Professor, Visual Arts Administration

Department of Art and Art Professions, New York University



SARAH SILVERMAN SUES OPENAI

- Who owns the inputs to LLMS? Even if one author is a small part of a larger model, what if the model can recreate their work?
- How does this affect how we think about copyright? If we imagined the fourth factor of the fair use test as a market *and value* test, would we be better able to respond to AI?
- Does it matter that OpenAl is a nonprofit? They have a capped-profit arm with profits above a level being distributed by a private nonprofit board. What if we had forms of collective ownership and decision-making?



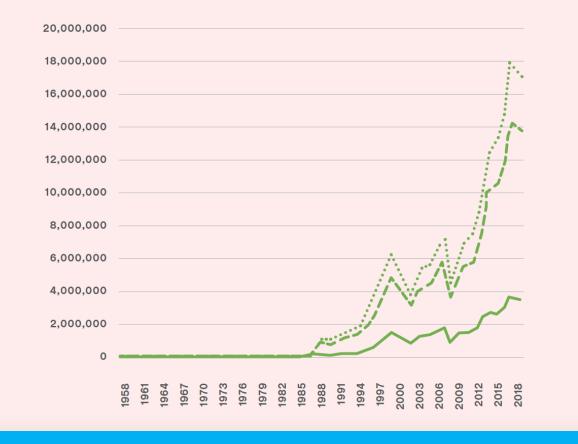
WHAT CAN WE LEARN FROM COLLECTIVE MODELS IN THE ARTS?

If artists like Jasper Johns and Robert Rauschenberg had retained 10% equity when their work first sold, they would have outperformed the US stock market by up to 1000 times.

What if artists—and creators generally developed shared ownership and governance models?

Experiments in NFTs and blockchain have given us test use cases, as have coops as a general structure outside the arts. (See: Nathan Schneider, *Governable Spaces* and Kelani Nichole *Transfer Data Trust*)





Amy Whitaker and Roman Kräussl, Fractional Equity, Blockchain, and the Future of Creative Work, *Management Science*, 2020.



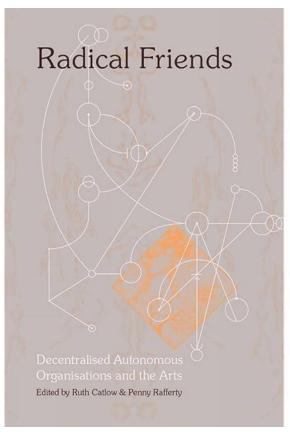
DEMOCRATIC DESIGN FOR ONLINE LIFE

TRANSFERArchive/ DATA.TRUST

Proof-of-concept prototype for the TRANSFER Data Trust

A1⊙0☆1♀0ContributorIssuesStarForks







AI, AUTHORSHIP AND LICENSING Dave Hansen

he/him

Executive Director

Authors Alliance

Wiley expects to make US\$44 million from AI partnership, authors unable to opt out

Wednesday, 4 September 2024 Books+Publishing



🛑 August 05, 2024 🛛 —

Oxford University Press 'Actively Working' With Al Companies

By Kathryn Palmer

🔴 July 29, 2024

Taylor & Francis AI Deal Sets 'Worrying Precedent' for Academic Publishing

The publisher didn't give authors any notice before selling access to its data to Microsoft for \$10 million. The agreement could improve academic research, but it further entrenches the predatory nature of academic publishing, experts say.

By Kathryn Palmer

Sage confirms it is in talks to license content to AI firms

NEWS SEP 19, 2024 BY MATILDA BATTERSBY





Al Subsidiary Aggregation - Author FAQs

What are Large Language Models (LLMs)?

LLMs are a category of generative artificial intelligence (AI) foundation models, trained on immense amounts of data making them capable of generating natural language and other types of content. They can be used to perform a wide range of tasks, such as generating contextually relevant content, inferring information from content, translation, summarising text, or answering questions.

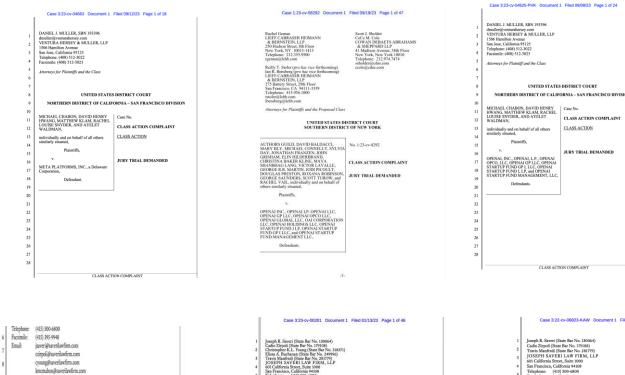
Why are we considering licensing content to AI providers?

Following developments in artificial intelligence during 2022 and 2023, we have begun to receive content licensing requests from providers of generative AI.

Generative AI technologies offer opportunities but also comes with risks. The use of high-quality scholarly content in training generative AI models may improve the quality and accuracy of tools that are increasingly going to be used in everyday life. There may also be opportunities for existing scholarly content to have greater visibility and impact if it is properly cited and attributed by AI tools, and to drive the creation of new and innovative products for a range of audiences.

By engaging constructively with generative AI tools and content providers, we hope that we can amplify these benefits and mitigate the risks.





		Case 3:23-cv-03416 Document 1 Filed 07/07/23 Pa	ge 1 of 17		
ION	1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 10 11 12 13	Joseph B. Sweri (State Bar No. 130064) Cadio Zarpoli (State Bar No. 130064) Cadio Zarpoli (State Bar No. 13070) Kathken J. McMahon (State Bar No. 318871) Kathken J. McMahon (State Bar No. 318871) (JOSEPH SANCHEL LAW FIRMA, LLP San Francisco, California 91108 Telephone: (145) 355-9940 Facimili: (145) 355-9940 Enaili: jayarelinefm.com criptofigawarelinefm.com crowing/daw			
	14	Counsel for Individual and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class			
	15				
	16	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION			
	17				
	18				
	19	SARAH SILVERMAN, an individual; CHRISTOPHER GOLDEN, an individual;	Case No.		
	20	RICHARD KADREY, an individual;	COMPLAINT		
		Individual and Representative Plaintiffs,	CLASS ACTION		
	21				
	22	v.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
	23	OPENAI, INC., a Delaware nonprofit corporation; OPENAI, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership: OPENAI OPCO, L.L.C., a Delaware	JURY I RIAL		
	24	limited liability corporation; OPENAI GP, L.L.C., a Delaware			
	25	limited liability company; OPENAI STARTUP FUND GP I, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company; OPENAI STARTUP FUND I,			
	26	L.P., a Delaware limited partnership; and OPENAI STARTUP FUND			
	27	MANAGEMENT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,			
	28	Defendants.			
		COMPLAINT			
	1				

15

Case 1:23-cv-00135-UNA Document 1 Filed 02/03/23 Page 1 of 36 PageID #: 1

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE GETTY IMAGES (US). INC. Plaintiff C.A. No.: Υ. STABILITY AI, INC. DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Defendant

"Defendant"), hereby alleges as follows:

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Getty Images (US), Inc. ("Getty Images" or "Plaintiff"), by and through its undersigned attorneys, for its Complaint against Defendant Stability AI, Inc. ("Stability AI" or

NATURE OF ACTION

1. This case arises from Stability AI's brazen infringement of Getty Images' intellectual property on a staggering scale. Upon information and belief, Stability AI has copied more than 12 million photographs from Getty Images' collection, along with the associated captions and metadata, without permission from or compensation to Getty Images, as part of its efforts to build a competing business. As part of its unlawful scheme, Stability AI has removed or altered Getty Images' copyright management information, provided false copyright management information, and infringed Getty Images' famous trademarks. 2. Getty Images brings this action to recover damages that it has suffered and is

continuing to suffer, and to prevent the irreparable harm caused by Stability AI's intentional and willful acts.

3. Getty Images is one of the world's leading creators and distributors of digital content. At great expense, over the course of nearly three decades, Getty Images has curated a 1

Telephone:	(415) 500-6800			
Facsimile:	(415) 395-9940			
Email:	jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com			
	czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com			
	cyoung@saverilawfirm.com			
	kmcmahon@saverilawfirm.com			
Matthew Butterick (State Bar No. 250953)				
1920 Hillhurst Avenue, #406				
Los Angeles,				
	(323) 968-2632			
	(415) 395-9940			
Email:	mb@buttericklaw.com			
Counsel for In	adividual and Representative Plaintiffs			
and the Propo	sed Class			
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT C	OURT		
	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALL	FORNIA		
	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISIO	N		
PAUL TREM	BLAY, an individual and	Case No.		
	.D, an individual,	5-80% S 150		
		COMPLAINT		
	Individual and Representative Plaintiffs,			
v.		CLASS ACTION		
		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
	C., a Delaware nonprofit corporation; OPENAI,			
	vare limited partnership; OPENAI OPCO, L.L.C., a			
Delaware lim	ited liability corporation; OPENAI GP, L.L.C., a			

1		weri (State Bar No. 130064)			
2	Cadio Zirpoli (State Bar No. 179108) Christopher K.L. Young (State Bar No. 318371)				
3	Elissa A. Bu Travis Manf	chanan (State Bar No. 249996) redi (State Bar No. 281779)			
- 11	JOSEPH S	AVERI LAW FIRM, LLP			
4	601 Californ San Francisa	ia Street, Suite 1000 20. California 94108			
5	Telephone: Facsimile:	(415) 500-6800 (415) 395-9940			
6	Email:	isaveri@saverilawfirm.com			
7		czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com cyoung@saverilawfirm.com			
8		eabuchanan@saverilawfirm.com			
•		tmanfredi@saverilawfirm.com			
9	Matthew Butterick (State Bar No. 250953) 1920 Hillhurst Avenue. #406				
0	Los Angeles	CA 90027			
	Telephone: Facsimile:	(323) 968-2632 (415) 395-9940			
	Email:	mb@buttericklaw.com			
2		ndividual and Representative			
13	Plainiffs Sarah Andersen, Kelly McKernan, Karla Ortiz, and the Proposed Class				
4					
5	[Additional	Counsel Listed on Signature Page]			
6			DISTRICT COURT		
		NORTHERN DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA		
17		SAN FRANCI	ISCO DIVISION		
8	SARAH A	NDERSEN, an individual;	Case No.		
9	KARLA O	CKERNAN, an individual; RTIZ, an individual,	COMPLAINT		
1					
0	Individ	ual and Representative Plaintiffs,	CLASS ACTION		
1	ν.				
	STABILIT	Y AI LTD., a UK corporation;	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
2	STABILIT	Y AI, INC., a Delaware MIDJOURNEY, INC., a			
1					
13	Delaware co	rporation; DEVIANTART, INC.,			
13	corporation; Delaware co a Delaware c	rporation; DEVIANTART, INC., porporation,			
13	Delaware co	rporation; DEVIANTART, INC.,			
13 14 15	Delaware co	rporation; DEVIANTART, INC., porporation,			
1	Delaware co	rporation; DEVIANTART, INC., porporation,			
13 14 15 16	Delaware co	rporation; DEVIANTART, INC., porporation,			

	Case 3:22-cv-06823-KAW Document	1 Filed 11/03/22 Page 1 of 56						
1	Joseph R. Saveri (State Bar No. 130064)							
2	Cadio Zirpoli (State Bar No. 179108) Travis Manfredi (State Bar No. 281779)							
3	JOSEPH SAVERI LAW FIRM, LLP 601 California Street, Suite 1000							
- 4	San Francisco, California 94108							
5	Telephone: (415) 500-6800 Facsimile: (415) 395-9940							
6	Email: jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com							
7	czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com tmanfredi@saverilawfirm.com							
8	Matthew Butterick (State Bar No. 250953)							
9	1920 Hillhurst Avenue, #406							
10	Los Angeles, CA 90027 Telephone: (323) 968-2632							
11	Facsimile: (415) 395-9940							
	Email: mb@buttericklaw.com							
12	Counsel for Individual and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class							
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
14	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA							
15	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION							
16		Case No.						
17	J. DOE 1 and J. DOE 2, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	COMPLAINT						
18	Individual and Representative Plaintiffs,	COMPLAINT CLASS ACTION						
19	ν.							
20	GITHUB, INC., a Delaware corporation;							
21	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a Washington	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL						
22	corporation; OPENAI, INC., a Delaware nonprofit corporation; OPENAI, L.P., a							
23	Delaware limited partnership; OPENAI GP,							
24	L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company; OPENAI STARTUP FUND GP I, L.L.C., a							
25	Delaware limited liability company; OPENAI STARTUP FUND I, L.P., a Delaware limited							
26	partnership; OPENAI STARTUP FUND MANAGEMENT, LLC, a Delaware limited							
27	liability company,							
	Defendants.							

AL CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Joseph R. Saveri (State Bar No. 130064) Cadio Zirpoli (State Bar No. 179108) Christopher K.L. Young (State Bar No. 318371) Kathleen J. McMahon (State Bar No. 340007) JOSEPH SAVERI LAW FIRM, LLP COLORD COMPANY Concerning Contention Concerning Contention Concerning Contention Concerning Contention 601 California Street, Suite 1000 San Francisco, California 94108 San Francisco, Laitorna 94108 Telephone: (415) 500-6800 Facsimile: (415) 395-9940 Email: jsaverij#sverilawfirm.com czirpoli@usverilawfirm.com kmrmahon@saverilawfirm.com Matthew Butterick (State Bar No. 250953) Matthew Butterick (State Bar No. 1920 Hillhurst Avenue, #406 Los Angeles, CA 90027 Telephone: (323) 968-2632 Facsimile: (415) 395-9940 Email: mb@buttericklaw.c Counsel for Individual and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION RICHARD KADREY, an individual; Case No. SARAH SILVERMAN, an individual: COMPLAINT CHRISTOPHER GOLDEN, an individual; Individual and Representative Plaintiffs, CLASS ACTION ν. DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL META PLATFORMS, INC., a Delaware corporation Defendant.

COMPLEMENT

Case 3:23-cv-03417 Document 1 Filed 07/07/23 Page 1 of 15



SOME FOUNDATIONAL QUESTIONS

- Does AI model building require a license to begin with?
 What does a license-only model mean for uses that authors may favor, such as research applications?
- Who speaks for you?
 - AI lawsuits are class actions
 Publishers



COPYRIGHT 101 AND FAIR USE









FOUR REASONS WHY WE WILL STILL HAVE LICENSES

- 1) International use may require it
- 2) It reduces risk for AI developers
- 3) It gives other benefits like access to proprietary structured data
- 4) It allows for uses that go beyond what fair use would allow (e.g., RAG systems)



WHO SPEAKS FOR AUTHORS?

"The undersigned authors transfer all copyright ownership in and relating to the Work, in all forms and media, to the Proprietor in the event that the Work is published." -example Elsevier publication agreement

"All persons or entities domiciled in the United States that own a United States copyright in any work that was used as training data for the OpenAl Language Models during the Class Period [defined as June 28, 2020 to the present]."

- In re OpenAl Class Action Litigation



ARTISTS, MUSEUMS, AND AI

Anne M. Young

she/her Director of Legal Affairs & Intellectual Property Indianapolis Museum of Art at Newfields

MUSEUM NON-EXCLUSIVE LICENSES AND ARTIST RIGHTS WITH AI

All reasonable measures will be taken by Newfields to avoid the Works being used as input for Artificial Intelligence or by any other technology which does not respect author and creator rights. See Section 10. Artificial Intelligence Protection Measures in the Terms of Reproduction below.

- 10. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE PROTECTION MEASURES. This Agreement makes the following reasonable protections available against the Works be used as input for Artificial Intelligence or by any other technology which does not respect the Author rights:
 - a. Request that third-party distributors that partner with Newfields remove any images of the Works;
 - b. Disable the download function on Newfields' online collection portal of any images of the Works, with the acknowledgement that a technologically-savvy user may still gain access to the represented JPEG image files despite the download function not being enabled; and,
 - c. If individuals or organizations reach out directly to about licensing enquiries, Newfields will represent and warrant that Newfields does not hold the copyright or other Intellectual Property right to license on behalf of the rights holder(s) and will direct the requesting entity to contact the rights holder(s) for applicable licensing request(s).



ARTISTS USING AI

- Al-generated work that won the Colorado State Fair, Art Competition, 2022
- Denied copyright registration, 2022 & 2023
 - Not copyrightable because "only human authorship should be deposited and claimed"
 - US Copyright Office offered to allow registration of prompts for AI and the Photoshop elements, but would need Allen to disclaim and exclude AI portion in order to receive copyright protection
 - Allen declined to disclaim Al-generated elements / material in the work
- <u>Allen v. US Copyright Office</u>, 2024
 - Seeking to order the US Copyright Office to register this as a copyright-protected work

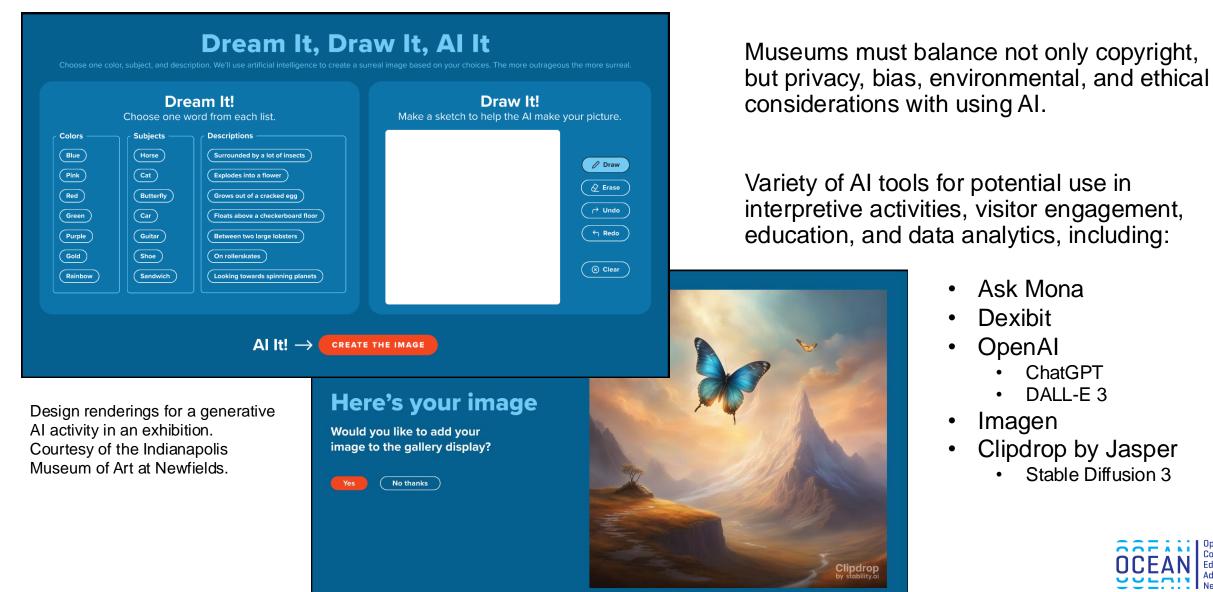


Jason M. Allen, *Théâtre d'Opéra Spatial*, 2022. Courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

This file is in the public domain because it is the work of a computer algorithm or artificial intelligence and does not contain sufficient human authorship to support a copyright claim.

The United Kingdom and Hong Kong provide a limited term of copyright protection for computer-generated works of 50 years from creation. [1] 🖉 [2] 🖉

MUSEUMS USING AI

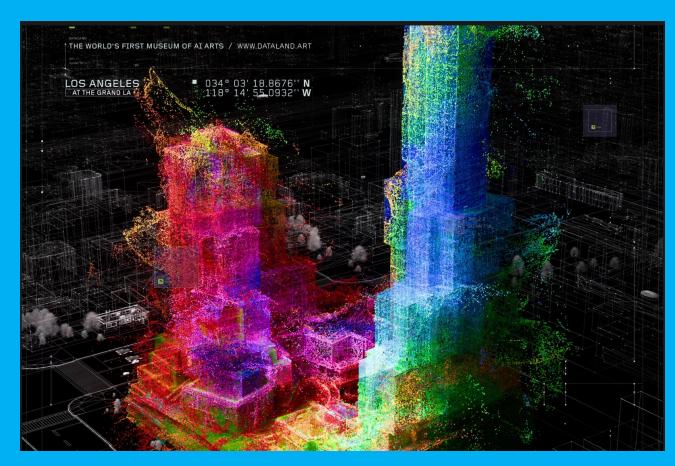


IN THE FUTURE... AI ART MUSEUM...

Refik Anadol Studio announced it will open DATALAND, the world's first museum of AI arts and digital ecosystem dedicated to data visualization and AIbased creativity in Los Angeles in late 2025.

https://www.theartnewspaper.com/2024/ 09/24/refik-anadol-studio-reveals-plansfor-worlds-first-museum-of-ai-arts

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RkQ0 vDZTa1g



Frank Gehry's The Grand LA development reimagined in Refik Anadol Studio's data style for the launch of DATALAND. Courtesy of Refik Anadol Studio and DATALAND.

THANK YOU!

- OCEAN wishes to thank our wonderful presenters and our engaged audience!
- OCEAN is run by a volunteer board and our work is funded through individual and intuitional support. To learn more about OCEAN and ways to help support the work we do, please visit:

www.oceancopyright.org/donate.

